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#### 1. Financial Statements

#### 1.1 Qualified Opinion

The audit of the financial statements of the Vavuniya South Tamil Pradeshiya Sabha for the year ended 31 December 2023 comprising the balance sheet as at 31 December 2023 and income and expenditure account and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154 (1) of the constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with Sub-Section 172 (1) of the Pradeshiya Sabha Act No. 15 of 1987 and National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018. My comments and observations which I consider should be report to parliament appear in this report.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in paragraph 1.6 of this report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Vavuniya South Tamil Pradeshiya Sabha as at 31 December 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

#### 1.1 Basis for Qualified Opinion

My opinion is qualified on the matters described in paragraph 1.6 of this report.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

### 1.2 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Pradeshiya Sabha's financial reporting process.

As per Section 16 (1) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, the Pradeshiya Sabha is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements.

#### 1.3 Audit Scope (Responsibility of the Auditor for the audit of Financial Statements)

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercised professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of its internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

The scope of the audit also extended to examine as far as possible and as far as necessary the following;

- Whether the organization, systems, procedures, books, records and other documents have been properly and adequately designed from the point of view of the presentation of information to enable a continuous evaluation of the activities of the Pradeshiya Sabha, and whether such systems, procedures, books, records and other documents are in effective operation;
- Whether the Pradeshiya Sabha has complied with applicable written law, or other general or special directions issued by the governing body of the Pradeshiya Sabha.
- Whether it has performed according to its powers, functions and duties; and

• Whether the resources of the Pradeshiya Sabha had been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws.

#### 1.5 Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018 contains special provisions regarding the following requirements.

- (a) The financial statements of the Pradeshiya Sabha presented is consistent with the preceding year as per the requirement of section 6 (1) (d) (iii) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.
- (b) The financial statements presented includes all recommendations made by me in the previous year as per the requirement of Section 06 (1) d (iv) of the Audit Act No. 19 of 2018.

#### 1.6 Audit observations regarding the preparation of financial statements

#### 1.6.1 Accounting Deficiency

Audit Observation	Comment of the Sabha	Recommendation
The value of 143 wells, 55 cemeteries and 03 public latrines owned by the council had not been assessed and disclosed in the financial statements.	made in the final accounts of	

#### 1.7 Non- Compliances

#### 1.7.1 Non-compliance with Laws, Rules, Regulations and Management Decisions etc.

Reference to Laws, Rules, Regulations etc.	Non-compliance	Comment of the Sabha	Recommendation
Section 134 of the Pradeshiya Sabha Act No. 15 of 1987	In the year under review, the council had not been distributed forms K for 7,190 properties out of 9,602 properties subject to assessment and tax.	That due to difficulties in searching the property owners.	Actions should be taken as per the regulations in the Act.

#### 2. Financial Review

#### 2.1 Financial Result

According to the Financial Statements presented, excess of revenue over recurrent expenditure of the Sabha for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to Rs. 22,556,545 as compared with the excess of revenue over recurrent expenditure amounted to Rs. 9,474,066 in the preceding year.

#### 2.2 Revenue Administration

#### 2.2.1 Estimated Revenue, Revenue Billed, Revenue Collected and Arrears of Revenue

According to the information submitted by the Sabha relating to Estimated Revenue, Revenue Billed, Revenue Collected and Arrears of Revenue relevant to the year under review and the preceding year are shown below.

Revenue			2023		2022			
20,022	Estimated Revenue	Revenue billed	Revenue Collected	Total arrears as at 31 December	Estimated Revenue	Revenue billed	Revenue Collected	Total arrears as at 31 December
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Assessment								
and Taxes	3,276,120	4,345,583	2,139,138	2,206,445	3,276,120	4,823,979	1,845,042	2,978,937
Rent	2,741,500	4,305,034	3,860,402	444,632	3,243,666	2,424,250	2,019,844	404,406
License Fees Other revenue	2,298,500	3,168,960	3,168,960	-	2,352,500	2,420,940	2,420,940	-
Total	25,921,400 34,237,520	56,982,049 68,801,626	_46,559,476_ 55,727,976	10,422,573 13,073,650	24,415,900— 33,288,136	32,189,916 41,859,085	30,109,778 36,395,604	2,080,138_ 5,463,481_
	Assessment and Taxes Rent License Fees	Rs. Assessment and Taxes 3,276,120 Rent 2,741,500 License Fees Other revenue 25,921,400	Revenue         Revenue billed           Rs.         Rs.           Assessment and Taxes         3,276,120         4,345,583           Rent         2,741,500         4,305,034           License Fees         2,298,500         3,168,960           Other revenue         25,921,400         56,982,049	Revenue         Revenue         Revenue           Rs.         Rs.         Rs.           Assessment and Taxes         3,276,120         4,345,583         2,139,138           Rent         2,741,500         4,305,034         3,860,402           License Fees         2,298,500         3,168,960         3,168,960           Other revenue         25,921,400         56,982,049         46,559,476	Revenue         Revenue         Revenue         Total arrears as at 31 December           Rs.         Rs.         Rs.         Rs.           Assessment and Taxes         3,276,120         4,345,583         2,139,138         2,206,445           Rent         2,741,500         4,305,034         3,860,402         444,632           License Fees         2,298,500         3,168,960         3,168,960         -           Other revenue         25,921,400         56,982,049         46,559,476         10,422,573	Revenue         Revenue         Total arrears as at 31 Revenue December         Estimated Revenue           Revenue         Billed         Collected         as at 31 Revenue December           Rs.         Rs.         Rs.         Rs.           Assessment and Taxes         3,276,120 4,345,583 2,139,138 2,206,445 3,276,120 Rent 2,741,500 4,305,034 3,860,402 444,632 3,243,666 License Fees 2,298,500 3,168,960 3,168,960 - 2,352,500 Other revenue         - 2,352,500 - 2,352,500 Other revenue	Revenue         Revenue         Revenue         Total arrears as at 31 December         Estimated Revenue billed         Revenue billed           Rs.         2,206,445         3,276,120         4,823,979	Estimated Revenue         Revenue billed         Revenue Collected         Total arrears as at 31 Revenue billed         Estimated Revenue billed         Revenue Collected           Rs.         Rs.

#### 2.2.2 Performance in Revenue Collection

<b>Audit Observation</b>	Comment of the Sabha	Recommendation
Arrears assessment tax amounting to Rs. 1,280,252 had not been collected for a period of 02 to 04 years. Also, outstanding vehicle rentals amounting to Rs. 174,482 were old between 02 and 04 years	That actions have been taken to recover.	Appropriate actions should be taken to recover arrears of income.
between 02 and 04 years.		

#### 3. Operational Review

#### 3.1 Operational Inefficiencies

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**Audit Observation** 

According to Chapter XXIV of the Establishment Code, the council had not been taken any effective actions to recover a sum of Rs. 405,297 of outstanding employee loans due from 04 retired and transferred officers from a period of last year.

#### Comment of the Sabha F

That actions have been taken to settle.

#### Recommendation

Actions should be taken to settle outstanding loan amounts.

#### 3.2 Assets Management

#### **Audit Observations**

# (a) 04 vehicles that were repaired and usable had been kept idle in the vehicle yard for between 04 and 12 years.

## (b) Actions had not been taken by the council, to take over 02 vehicles and 57 lands that were used by the council

#### Comment of the Sabhas

That it will be sold in the near future.

That actions have been taken to take over to council.

#### Recommendations

Assets should not be remained unused.

The ownership of assets should be settled.

#### 4. Accountability and Good Governance

but not owned by the council.

#### 4.1 Budgetary Control

#### **Audit Observation**

According to the budget prepared for the year under review, in comparison with the estimated income and expenses and the actual income and expenses, there were variations of 10 per cent to 269 per cent in 06 income subjects and 08 per cent to 108 per cent in 05 expenditure subjects, so budget had not been used as an effective management control tool.

#### **Comment of the Sabha**

That in the future, the income and expenditure estimates will be prepared in such a way that there are no variations.

#### Recommendation

Needs should be identified and carefully budgeted accordingly.