
1. Financial Statements

1.1 Qualified Opinion

The audit of financial statements of the University of Kelaniya for the year ended 31 December 2020 comprising the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020 and the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and, notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with the provisions in Sub-section 108 (1) of the Universities Act No. 16 of 1978 and provisions in National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018. My comments and observations which I consider should be reported to Parliament, appear in this report.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in paragraph 1.5 of this report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the University as at 31 December 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards.

1.2 Basis for Qualified Opinion

My opinion is qualified on the matters described in paragraph 1.5 of this report.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

1.3 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the University's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the University or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the University's financial reporting process.

As per Sub-section 16(1) of the National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018, the University is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements to be prepared of the University.

1.4 Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

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My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an audit report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the University to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

The scope of the audit also extended to examine as far as possible, and as far as necessary the following;

- Whether the organization, systems, procedures, books, records and other documents have been properly and adequately designed from the point of view of the presentation of information to enable a continuous evaluation of the activities of the University, and whether such systems, procedures, books, records and other documents are in effective operation;
- Whether the University has complied with applicable written law, or other general or special directions issued by the governing body of the University;
- Whether the University has performed according to its powers, functions and duties; and
- Whether the resources of the University had been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws.

1.5 **Audit Observation on Preparation of Financial Statements**

1.5.1 Internal Control over the Preparation of Financial Statements

The University is required to "devise and maintain" a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that, transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with the applicable reporting standards, and to maintain accountability for assets, access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization, and the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences.

1.5.2 Non-compliances with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards

.Non-compliance with Comments of the Recommendation reference to the relevant Management standard

Since useful life of the nonreviewed annually in terms knowledgeable Lanka Public Accounting Standard 07. fixed assets Rs.1,641,021,283

Α technical committee current assets had not been consisting of 4 technical academic of Paragraph 65 of the Sri staff members has been Sector appointed. Policy recommendations will be costed submitted the next to were Finance Committee and the further in use despite being Governing Council, taking

Sri Lanka Public sector accounting standards should be followed.

fully depreciated. As such, into account the practical action had not been taken to revise the said estimated error in terms of Sri Lanka **Public Sector Accounting** Standard 03.

situation.

1.5.3 **Accounting Deficiencies**

The following observations are made.

Audit Observation

- A generator valued at Rs. (a) 30,440,902 and 03 photocopiers total costed of Rs. 1,408,100 procured during the year under review had not been accounted correctly under correct class of and, such, asset as depreciation for the year under review had been under stated by Rs. 2,725,410 and the annual surplus had been over stated by that amount in the financial statements.
- (b) Four buildings with a total value of Rs. 790,400,309 remained under the work in progress had been taken in to use from the year under review and had been capitalized under buildings, but due to non-accounting of annual depreciation of Rs.39,520,015 in respect of those buildings the surplus for the year was over stated by that amount in the financial statements.

Comments of the Recommendation Management

-----The asset

classification error has been corrected in 2021.

be Assets should properly accounted for under accurate classifications and depreciation should be calculated accurately.

Capitalization constructions will be done only upon the Project Management Office notifies that all the relevant construction works have been completed and can be used for the use of the University.

The project management unit had recommended that the relevant buildings could be used from 2020 onwards and the depreciation due to the use of those buildings should be calculated.

1.5.4 Unreconciled Control Accounts or Records

Item	Value as per the Financial Statements	Value as per the Corresponding Records	Difference	Comments of the Management	Recommendation
Physical stock value as at closing date of the year	Rs. 44,269,722	Rs. 48,848,301	Rs. 4,578,579	being carried out to identify the reasons for the discrepancy between the	the financial
				statement.	

1.6 Accounts Receivable and Payable

1.6.1 Receivables

The following observations are made.

Audit Observation	Comments of the	Recommendation
	Management	
(a) The amount due from 0	7 Legal action has been	Necessary action should
lecturers on breach of	f taken against 03 persons,	be taken to recover the
contracts total amounting t	o 01 is being prosecuted,	dues expeditiously.
Rs. 41,583,486 had not bee	n while the other 03 has	
recovered even till 3	given consent to recover	
December of the year under	r from their provident fund	
review.	and pension fund.	
	_	
(b) Out of the total loan amour	t Arrangements have been	Necessary action should
of Rs. 912,902 given to 1	7 made to recover at the	be taken to recover the
officers, no installment wa	s release of provident funds	dues expeditiously.
recovered during the year	r of 14 officers and in	-
under review.	installments from 3	
	officers.	

1.6.2 **Payables**

Audit Observation Comments of the Recommendation Management

Action had not been taken to settle 257 cancelled cheques valued for Rs. 2,615,824 shown under the accounts payables as at 31 December of the year under review.

Payments are being made in respect of cheques which have been requested repayment and necessary action is being taken to take in to the income of the value of cheques which have not requested and response to the reminder letters and the cheques which have exceeded 06 months as per the financial regulations.

Action should be taken to settle without delay.

Non-compliance with Laws, Rules, Regulations and Management Decisions etc.

The following observations are made.					
	Reference to	Non-compliance	Comments of	Recommendation	
	Laws, Rules		the		
	Regulations etc.		Management		
	T: 1				

- (a) Financial Regulation of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka and **Public Finance** Circular No. 01/2020 dated 28 August 2020
 - (i) Financial The advances given Regulation during the period 371 from the year 2016 to 2019 vear total amounted Rs. to 4,410,277 had not been settled.

No comments were made by the management.

Action should be taken in accordance with the Financial Regulation.

(ii).Financial Regulation 571

Action had not been taken in accordance with the Financial Regulations

taken to take the deposit in to the income in the Regulation.

Action will be Action should be taken in accordance with the Financial regarding 552 sundry deposits amounted to Rs. 63,460,015 old more than two years and regarding library deposits amounted to Rs. 16,946,500 old more than 05 years.

year 2021 when the deposit period exceeds 02 years. Library deposits will be released to students upon confirmation is received.

(b) Sections 4.3.1 and 4.3.2 of the Government Procurement Guidelines dated 25 January 2006 The approval of the Vice Chancellor had not been obtained for the total cost estimate of Rs. 11,929,352 (VAT free) for landscape works of the new Gym area of the University.

A total cost estimate including all related expenses will be prepared and approval of the Head of the Institution will be taken now onwards.

The provisions of the Procurement Guidelines should be followed.

2. Financial Review

2.1 Financial Result

The operations of the Institute for the year under review had been a surplus of Rs. 306,835,849 as compared with the corresponding surplus of Rs. 690,497,428 for the preceding year, thus indicating a deterioration of Rs.383,661,579 in the financial result. The decrease in the internal income and Mahapola grants had main reasons for this deterioration.

3. Operational Inefficiencies

3.1 Management Inefficiencies

Audit Observation	Comments of the Management	Recommendation
	The Six Storied Examination	1 3
Project Funds total amounted	Building project under the "CODL Capital Reserve" Fund	and funds should be
under Rights in the Financial	1 2	utilized efficiently.
been utilized for the intended	The project with a balance of Rs. 850,000 has not been started yet and will be utilized	
purposes during the year under review.	after the commencement of the project.	

3.2 Transactions of Contentious Nature

Audit Observation Comments of the Recommendation Management

Gift items worth of Rs. 2,330,055 purchased in 2019 without proper planning for the 60th anniversary of the University were remained in stores without releasing even till 01 April 2021, the date of the audit.

Relevant purchases for corporate gifts were made on the basis of the decision taken by the committee appointed for the 60th anniversary of the University and will be issued upon request by the respective departments.

Requirement should be accurately identified and make purchases.

3.3 Defects in Contract Administration

Audit Observation Comments of the Recommendation Management

Construction of the computer building center an estimated cost of Rs. 183 million, which commenced construction in 2016 and to completed within 02 be years, had not been completed even by 31 December of the year under review.

The University has taken action to charge liquidation damages for the delay in the construction of the computer center building. Also, the University has repeatedly written to the Contractor, State Engineering Corporation, to complete the construction as soon possible. The State Engineering Corporation has completed Rs. 174 million worth of construction works as at 31 December 2020.

Efforts should be made to complete the construction as planned to avoid delays.

3.4 Human Resource Management

Audit Observation Comments of the Recommendation Management

The approved academic and non-academic cadre of the university were 804 and 896 respectively and actual cadre were 653 and 806 respectively as at 31 December in the year under review. As such, there were 151 and 90 vacancies.

Recruitment are being done for vacancies and recruitments were not made due to inadequate office works under the Covid 19 epidemic.

Staff requirements should be reviewed periodically and action should be taken to recruit only for essential posts.