Reconstruction of Kochchikade Bridge Project - 2018

The audit of the financial statements of the Reconstruction of Kochchikade Bridge Project for the year ended 31 December 2018 was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with the Loan Agreement dated 13 January 2016 entered into between the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka and the Raiffeisen Bank International AG of Austria. My comments and observations which I consider should be reported to Parliament appear in this report

1.2 Implementation, Objectives, Funding and Duration of the Project

According to the Loan Agreement of the Project, then Ministry of Higher Education and Highways, presently the Ministry of Highways and Road Development and Petroleum Resources Development is the Executing Agency and Road Development Authority is the Implementing Agency of the Project. The objective of the Project was for replacement of existing Kochchikade Bridge which was structurally weak and unsuitable to the current traffic volume and vehicle loads and to provide substantial contribution to keep up the road infrastructure connecting Peliyagoda with Puttalam. The estimated total cost of the Project amounted to EURO 10.85 million equivalent to Rs.1,735.62 million and out of that EURO 8.70 million equivalent to Rs.1,392 million was agreed to be financed by Raiffeisen Bank International AG of Austria. The Project had commenced its activities on 24 July 2016 and scheduled to be completed by 24 January 2019.

1.3 Opinion

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Table 02 of my report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Project as at 31 December 2018 and financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards.

1.4 Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

1.5 Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Projects ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to

liquidate the Project or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Project's financial reporting process.

The Project is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements to be prepared by the Project.

1.6 Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control of the Project.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

2. Comments on Financial Statements

2.1 Accounting Deficiency

Accounting Deficiency	Impact	Response of the	Auditor's
		Management	Recommendation
A sum of Rs.32 million payable to	Understatement	The claim of Rs. 32 million	Payables at the end of the
the contractors as at 31 December	of work-in-	related to the work done for	year need to be
2018 had not been brought to	progress and	the period from December	considered in preparation
account and as a result, the values	liabilities.	2018 to January 2019 had	of financial statements.
of work-in-progress and payable to		been accounted in the year	
contractors had been understated by		2019.	
that amount.			

3 Physical Performance

3.1 Physical progress of the activities of the Project

It was observed that the construction activities of the Bridge commenced on 24 July 2016 had been completed and handed over to the Implementing Agency on 11 January 2019, before the scheduled date of 24 January 2019.